The Honourable Steven Guilbeault
Minister of Environment and Climate Change Canada

Re: Benzene Pollution Emergency in Aamjiwnaang First Nation

Dear Minister Guilbeault,

As delegates from around the world are meeting on unceded Anishinaabe Algonquin territory, also known as Ottawa, to work toward an ambitious global treaty to tackle the plastic pollution crisis, the undersigned 100+ organizations observing and following the INC-4 negotiations are extremely concerned about the urgent environmental situation in Aamjiwnaang First Nation who is experiencing firsthand the dangerous impacts of pollution from plastic production.

Aamjiwnaang First Nation has been experiencing an environmental emergency since April 16, 2024 when the community learned that the air pollution concentrations of benzene, a cancer-causing chemical used and released by the nearby Ineos Styrolution plant during the production of the plastic monomer styrene, have reached dangerous levels that were more than 300 times greater than the health based air quality standard for benzene (spikes ranged from 125 to 150 ug/m³ compared to 0.45 ug/m³).

It is deeply troubling that Canadian governments and Ineos have consistently failed to protect the health, safety, inherent rights, and treaty rights of Aamjiwnaang First Nation. According to the enforcement order issued by the Ontario government, Ineos Styrolution's styrene plant in Sarnia has repeatedly exceeded safe benzene levels. During the period of March 29 to April 16, 2024 alone, Ontario's Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks has documented 18 instances where 1-hour benzene levels exceeded 90 ug/m³.

This is not the first time that benzene emissions generated by Ineos Styrolution has put the Aamjiwnaang community at great risk. The Ontario government issued enforcement orders against Ineos Styrolution in 2019, 2020, and 2023 due to elevated levels of benzene from its production facility. Despite these repeated orders, the plant has consistently demonstrated that it cannot or will not meet safe air quality standards and community demands, and benzene levels have increased rather than decreased. The Ontario government also failed to hold Ineos to account and ensure it is compliant with provincial rules when it comes to benzene emissions.

Temporary closures of the immediate sources of benzene are the minimum required to address benzene leaks. A continued pattern of leaks, lack of compliance, and inadequate provincial enforcement and regulation over a period of many years indicates that a long-term shutdown of the facility is required unless Ineos Styrolution can prove its ability and willingness to meet health-based air quality standards and Aamjiwnaang's demands.

The federal government has committed to implementing the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP). In 2021, the federal government enacted the *United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Act* (UNDRIPA) the purpose of which is (a) to affirm the UNDRIP as a universal international human rights instrument with application in Canadian law, and (b) to provide a framework for the Government of Canada's implementation of the UNDRIP. Section 5 of the UNDRIPA requires the federal government, in consultation and cooperation with Indigenous peoples, to take all measures necessary to ensure the laws of Canada are consistent with the UNDRIP.

Article 29 of UNDRIP obligates Canadian governments to take effective measures to ensure that hazardous materials are not disposed of on traditional Indigenous territories. Article 24 of UNDRIP provides that Indigenous peoples have an equal right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health, and that States shall take the necessary steps with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of this right.

The Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) compels the federal government to protect the right of every individual in Canada to a healthy environment and uphold principles of environmental justice and intergenerational equity. As Benzene is listed on the toxic substances list (Schedule 1) of CEPA, the federal government must ensure that communities such as Aamjiwnaang are protected from its acute, chronic, and cumulative effects.

Recurrent high exposure to benzene puts residents at <u>elevated cancer risks</u> and denies Aamjiwnaang First Nation their ability to engage their inherent and constitutionally protected Aboriginal and Treaty rights. As Aamjiwnaang First Nation Band Council <u>has stated</u>, "reconciliation should not perpetuate the historical imbalance whereby Aamjiwnaang members' lives are reduced to the point where the state can justify the emission of benzene levels which would not be tolerated anywhere else in Canada."

We stand in solidarity with the Aamjiwnaang community and call on the federal government to take immediate steps to ensure the Ineos Styrolution plant in Sarnia, Ontario is closed until such a time that Aamjiwnaang First Nation is satisfied that Ineos Styrolution is able and willing to meet health-based air quality standards and the community's demands.

As host of the fourth round of plastic treaty negotiations, and as a member of the High Ambition Coalition (HAC) that has set a commendable goal of ending plastic pollution by 2040, Canada must act with integrity and set an example on the global stage by taking action to address this environmental emergency and the environmental racism that Aamjiwnaang First Nation has experienced from benzene pollution. Failure to act puts at risk Canada's reputation and credibility both domestically and internationally as a leader to address the plastic pollution crisis.

In solidarity,

Ecojustice Canada

Environmental Defence Canada

Climate Action Network Canada (CAN-Rac)

Health and Environment Justice Support (HEJSupport)

Surfrider Foundation Canada

re•generation

WALHI/Friends of the Earth Indonesia

Alianza Basura Cero Chile

Red de Acción por los Derechos Ambientales RADA

Clean Air Partnership

Viento Sur

EARTHDAY.ORG

Environmental Investigation Agency

Greenpeace Canada

The Canadian Coalition for Environmental and Climate Justice (CCECJ)

Ecology Center

Citizens' Climate Lobby Canada

Fridays For Future Greater Sudbury

Canadian Association of Physicians for the Environment (CAPE)

Divest McGill

Stand.earth

Shake Up The Establishment

Women's Healthy Environments Network (WHEN)

Shift Action for Pension Wealth and Planet Health

Taller Ecologista

Canadian Federation of Medical Students - HEART

Canada Network of Expertise and Dialogue on Impact Assessment (NEDIA)

Citizens for Public Justice

Nova Scotia Voice of Women for Peace

Center for International Environmental Law (CIEL)

International Pollutants Elimination Network (IPEN)

Alaska Community Action on Toxics

Pan African Vision for the Environment (PAVE)

Human Environmental Association for Development (HEAD)

Action des Femmes pour une Planète Bio (AFEPB)

Sustainable Environment Development Initiative

Community Action Against Plastic Waste (CAPws)

Centre for Citizens Conserving Environment & Management (CECIC)

Almang Market

Acción Ecológica Mexico

Nexus3 Foundation

Hamraah Foundation

Alrwad Foundation for Projects and Development

Arnika - Toxics and Waste Programme

RAPAL Uruguay

Beyond Plastics

Armenian Women for Health and Healthy Environment

Legal Advocates for Nature's Defence

Human Environmental Association for Development (HEAD)

We Yone Child Foundation

Break Free From Plastic (BFFP)

Southwest Ontario KAIROS

Center for Coalfield Justice

Breathe Free Detroit

Society of Native Nations

Keepers of the Water

Seniors for Climate Action Now!

Friends of the Earth Canada

For Our Kids

Just Transition Alliance

AKO Foundation

National Hawker Federation (NHF), India

Skeena Watershed Conservation Coalition

Leadnow

Breast Cancer Action Québec

Center to Combat Corruption and Cronyism (C4 Center), Malaysia

West Coast Environmental Law Association

KAIROS: Canadian Ecumenical Justice Initiatives

Centre for Earth Works

Lake Winnipeg Indigenous Collective

The ENRICH Project

Families Reclaiming Our Environment

Oxford Coalition for Social Justice

Southwest Detroit Environmental Vision

Mind Your Plastic

Ontario Nature

Windsor-Essex on Watch (WOW)

Wildsight

Freshwater Future

Research for the Front Lines

Citizens Environment Alliance of Southwestern Ontario

Breathe Project

Indigenous Climate Action

Wilderness Committee

Defend Our Health

Associação de Combate aos Poluentes (ACPO)

Associação de Saúde Socioambiental (ASSA)

David Suzuki Foundation

Heirs To Our Ocean

Fenceline Watch

North American Climate, Conservation and Environment (NACCE)

FreshWater Accountability Project

Grandmothers Advocacy Network

Plastic Pollution Coalition

Micah Six Eight Mission

Ecology Action Centre

Greenpeace

Sierra Club Canada Foundation

University of Colorado Boulder Environmental Studies Grad Cohort

Ohio Valley Allies

Kuala Langat Environmental Action Association

López-Wagner Strategies, An Equitable Communications Agency®

Kuala Langat Environmental Action Association

Center for Biological Diversity

Wonjin Institute for Occupational and Environmental Health

Zero Waste Sabah

Ignatius Jesuit Centre

Sahabat Alam Malaysia (Friends of the Earth)

Consumers' Association of Penang

Malaysian Nature Society Selangor Branch Green Living Special Interest Group

Plastic Solutions Fund

Grambangla Unnayan Committee

Unity Council for the Easy Palestine, OH Train Derailment

Toronto Environmental Alliance

CC:

The Honourable Mark Holland, Minister of Health

The Honourable Gary Anandasangaree, Minister of Crown-Indigenous Relations
The Honourable Andrea Khanjin, Ontario's Minister of Environment, Conservation
and Parks

The Honourable Greg Rickford, Ontario's Minister of Indigenous Affairs Mayor Mike Bradley, City of Sarnia, Ontario Chief Chris Plain, Aamjiwnaang First Nation